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Introduction



- Nuclear decommissioning is clearly on the rise
- Key time to reflect on lessons learned – and think "outside the box"
- What if nuclear back-end management is viewed through a sustainability lens?

Nuclear back-end management – Some realities



- Planned shutdown dates tend to change
- Few reactors fully decommissioned
- Spent fuel or waste often stored at site
- New transports protested •
- New storage and disposal facilities next to impossible to implement
- Major delays the norm
- Complete program "resets" not uncommon

What is the problem?

- Multi-generational timelines
- Consequences of shutdown
- Tradition of thinking:
 - Within the fence line
 - Until release from regulatory control



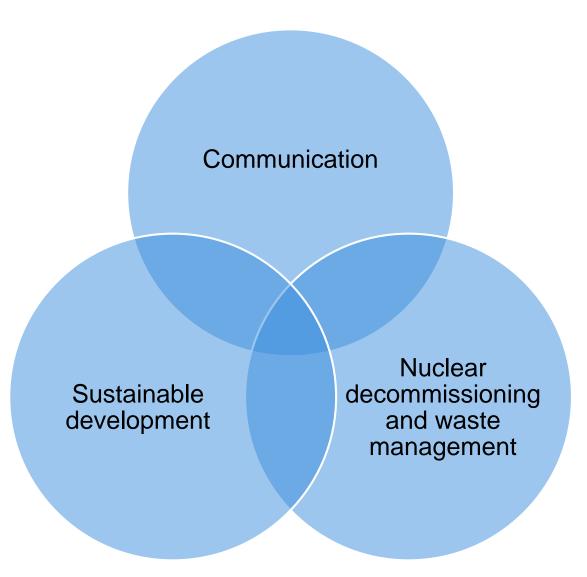
That is, non-technical challenges and a need for systems thinking.



More relevant to view as a sustainability problem – not an engineering problem.



Cornerstones of sustainable decommissioning



Sustainable decommissioning in practice: key principles



View system's parts as assets – not liabilities



Involve stakeholders in decision-making



Decide new land uses before decommissioning planning

Is sustainable decommissioning the solution?

Significant advantages

- Less waste
- Greater potential for public acceptance
- Increased adaptive capacity
- Lower risk of major delays and "dead ends"
- Reduced time between shutdown and new productive uses in operation
- Lower costs



In accordance with general trends, such as sustainability, circular economy, inclusivity, etc.



Conclusions

- 1. Surprises will occur plan for that
- 2. Stigma can be overcome
- Sustainable decommissioning more likely to succeed since:
 - Holistic
 - Long-term
 - Inclusive
 - Adaptive



Thank you

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